



Material Safety Data Sheet

NFPA	HMIS	Personal Protective Equipment
230	Health Hazard 2 Fire Hazard 3	
	Reactivity (0)	See Section 15.

Section 1. Chemical Product and Company Identification			Page Number: 1	
Common Name/ Trade Name	Ethyl alcohol 200 Proof	Catalog Number(s).	E1424, E1028, ET107, YY604	
		CAS#	64-17-5	
Manufacturer	SPECTRUM LABORATORY PRODUCTS INC.	RTECS	KQ6300000	
·	14422 S. SAN PEDRO STREET GARDENA, CA 90248	TSCA	TSCA 8(b) inventory: Ethyl alcohol 200 Proof	
Commercial Name(s)	Not available.	CI#	Not applicable.	
Synonym	Ethanol; Absolute Ethanol; Alcohol; Ethanol 200 proof; Eth Alcohol, Anhydrous; Ethanol, undenatured; Dehydrated Alcohol	IN CASE OF	EMERGENCY (24hr) 800-424-9300	
C mical Name	Ethyl Alcohol			
Cuemical Family	Aliphatic alcohol or glycol. (Solvent.)		CALL (310) 516-8000	
Chemical Formula	СН3СН2ОН			
Supplier	SPECTRUM LABORATORY PRODUCTS INC. 14422 S. SAN PEDRO STREET GARDENA, CA 90248			

			Exposure Limits		
Name	CAS#	TWA (mg/m³)	STEL (mg/m³)	CEIL (mg/m³)	% by Weight
1) Ethyl alcohol 200 Proof 64		1900			100

Section 3. Hazards Identification

Hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of eye contact (irritant), of inhalation. Slightly hazardous in case Potential Acute Health Effects

of skin contact (permeator), of ingestion.

VAPOR (LC50):

Potential Chronic Health Effects

Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (sensitizer).

CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: A4 (Not classifiable for human or animal.) by ACGIH.

MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Mutagenic for mammalian somatic cells. Mutagenic for bacteria and/or yeast.

TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Classified PROVEN for human.

DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: Classified Development toxin [PROVEN]. Classified Reproductive

Acute: 20000 ppm 8 hours [Rat]. 39000 mg/m³ 4 hours [Mouse].

system/toxin/female, Reproductive system/toxin/male [POSSIBLE]. The substance is toxic to blood, the reproductive system, liver, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous

system (CNS).

Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce target organs damage.

Section 4. First Aid Measures	
Eye Contact	Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Cold water may be used. Get medical attention.
Skin Contact	In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Cover the irritated skin with an emollient. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Cold water may be used. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse. Get medical attention.
Serious Skin Contact	Wash with a disinfectant soap and cover the contaminated skin with an anti-bacterial cream. Seek medical attention.
Inhalation	If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention if symptoms appear.
Serious Inhalation	Evacuate the victim to a safe area as soon as possible. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Seek medical attention.
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention if symptoms appear.
Serious Ingestion	Not available.

Flammability of the Product	Flammable.
Auto-Ignition Temperature	363°C (685.4°F)
Flash Points	CLOSED CUP: 12.78°C (55°F). OPEN CUP: 17.78°C (64°F) (Cleveland).
Flammable Limits	LOWER: 3.3% UPPER: 19%
Products of Combustion	These products are carbon oxides (CO, CO2).
Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances	Highly flammable in presence of open flames and sparks, of heat. Slightly flammable to flammable in presence of oxidizing materials.
Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances	Risks of explosion of the product in presence of mechanical impact: Not available. Slightly explosive in presence of open flames and sparks, of heat, of oxidizing materials, of acids.
Fire Fighting Media and Instructions	Flammable liquid, soluble or dispersed in water. SMALL FIRE: Use DRY chemical powder. LARGE FIRE: Use alcohol foam, water spray or fog.
Special Remarks on Fire Hazards	Containers should be grounded. CAUTION: MAY BURN WITH NEAR INVISIBLE FLAME Vapor may travel considerable distance to source of ignition and flash back. May form explosive mixtures with air. Contact with Bromine pentafluoride is likely to cause fire or explosion. Ethanol ignites on contact with chromyl chloride. Ethanol ignites on contact with iodine heptafluoride gas. It ignites than explodes upon contact with nitrosyl perchlorate. Additon of platinum black catalyst caused ignition.
Special Remarks on Explosion Hazards	Ethanol has an explosive reaction with the oxidized coating around potassium metal. Ethanol ignites and then explodes on contact with acetic anhydride + sodium hydrosulfate (ignites and may explode), disulfuric acid + nitric acid, phosphorous(III) oxide platinum, potassium-tert-butoxide+ acids. Ethanol forms explosive products in reaction with the following compound: ammonia + silver nitrate (forms silver nitride and silver fulminate), iodine + phosphorus (forms ethane iodide), magnesium perchlorate (forms ethyl perchlorate), mercuric nitrate, nitric acid + silver (forms silver fulminate) silver nitrate (forms ethyl nitrate) silver(I) oxide + ammonia or hydrazine (forms silver nitride and silver fulminate), sodium (evolves hydrogen gas). Sodium Hydrazide + alcohol can produce an explosion. Alcohols should not be mixed with mercuric nitrate, as explosive mercuric fulminate may be formed. May form explosive mixture with manganese perchlorate + 2,2-dimethoxypropane. Addition of alcohols to highly concentrate hydrogen peroxide forms powerful explosives. Explodes on contact with calcium hypochlorite Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Containers may explode when heated or involved in a fire.

Section 7. Har	ndling and Storage
Precautions	Keep locked up Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Ground all equipment containing material. Do not ingest. Do not breathe gas/fumes/ vapor/spray. Wear suitable protective clothing. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. If ingested, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or the label. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Keep away from incompatibles such as oxidizing agents, acids, alkalis, moisture.
Storage	Store in a segregated and approved area. Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not store above 23°C (73.4°F).

Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection	
Engineering Controls	Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are proximal to the work-station location.
Personal Protection	Splash goggles. Lab coat. Vapor respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Gloves. Use a respirator if the exposure limit is exceeded.
onal Protection in Case of a Large Spill	Splash goggles. Full suit. Vapor respirator. Boots. Gloves. A self contained breathing apparatus should be used to avoid inhalation of the product. Suggested protective clothing might not be sufficient; consult a specialist BEFORE handling this product.
Exposure Limits	TWA: 1900 (mg/m³) from OSHA (PEL) [United States] TWA: 1000 (ppm) from OSHA (PEL) [United States] TWA: 1900 (mg/m³) from NIOSH [United States] TWA: 1000 (ppm) from NIOSH [United States] TWA: 1000 (ppm) [United Kingdom (UK)] TWA: 1920 (mg/m³) [United Kingdom (UK)] TWA: 1000 STEL: 1250 (ppm) [Canada] Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Physical state and appearance	Liquid. (Liquid.)	Odor	Mild to strong, rather pleasant; like wine or whiskey. Alcohol-like; Ethereal, vinous.
Molecular Weight	46.07 g/mole	Taste	Pungent: Burning.
pH (1% soln/water)	Not available.	Color	Colorless. Clear
Boiling Point	78.5°C (173.3°F)		
Melting Point	-114.1°C (-173.4°F)		
Critical Temperature	243°C (469.4°F)		
Specific Gravity	0.789 (Water = 1)		
or Pressure	5.7 kPa (@ 20°C)		
Vapor Density	1.59 (Air = 1)		
Volatility	Not available.		
Odor Threshold	100 ppm		

Ethyl alcohol 200 Proof		Page Number: 4	٦
Water/Oil Dist. Coeff.	The product is more soluble in water; log(oil/water) = -0.3		ヿ
Ionicity (in Water)	Not available.		
Dispersion Properties	See solubility in water, methanol, diethyl ether, acetone.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Solubility	Easily soluble in cold water, hot water. Soluble in methanol, diethyl ether, acetone.		

Section 10. Stability and Reactivity Data	
Stability	The product is stable.
Instability Temperature	Not available.
Conditions of Instability	Incompatible materials, heat, sources of ignition.
Incompatibility with various substances	Reactive with oxidizing agents, acids, alkalis.
Corrosivity	Non-corrosive in presence of glass.
Special Remarks on Reactivity	Ethanol rapidly absorbs moisture from the air. Can react vigorously with oxiders. The following oxidants have been demonstrated to undergo vigorous/explosive reaction with ethanol: barium perchlorate, bromine pentafluoride, calcium hypochlorite, chloryl perchlorate, chromium trioxide, chromyl

chloride, dioxygen difluoride, disulfuryl difluoride, fluorine nitrate, hydrogen peroxide, iodine heptafluoride, nitric acid nitrosyl perchlorate, perchloric acid permanganic acid, peroxodisulfuric acid, potassium dioxide, potassium perchlorate, potassium permanganate, ruthenium(VIII) oxide, silver perchlorate, silver peroxide, uranium hexafluoride, uranyl perchlorate.

Ethanol reacts violently/expodes with the following compounds: acetyl bromide (evolves hydrogen bromide) acetyl chloride, aluminum, sesquibromide ethylate, ammonium hydroxide & silver oxide, chlorate, chromic anhydride, cyanuric acid + water, dichloromethane + sulfuric acid + nitrate (or) nitrite, hydrogen peroxide + sulfuric acid, iodine + methanol + mercuric oxide, manganese perchlorate + 2,2-dimethoxy propane, perchlorates, permanganates + sulfuric acid, potassium superoxide, potassium tert-butoxide, silver & nitric acid, silver perchlorate, sodium hydrazide, sulfuric acid + sodium dichromate, tetrachlorisilane + water.

Ethanol is also incompatible with platinium, and sodium.

No really safe conditions exist under which ethyl alcohol and chlorine oxides can be handled.

Reacts vigorously with acetyl chloride

Special Remarks on Corrosivity

Not available.

Polymerization Will not occur.

Section 11. Toxicological Information	
Routes of Entry	Absorbed through skin. Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.
Toxicity to Animals	WARNING: THE LC50 VALUES HEREUNDER ARE ESTIMATED ON THE BASIS OF A 4-HOUR EXPOSURE. Acute oral toxicity (LD50): 3450 mg/kg [Mouse]. Acute toxicity of the vapor (LC50): 39000 mg/m³ 4 hours [Mouse].
Chronic Effects on Humans	CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: A4 (Not classifiable for human or animal.) by ACGIH. MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Mutagenic for mammalian somatic cells. Mutagenic for bacteria and/or yeast. TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Classified PROVEN for human. DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: Classified Development toxin [PROVEN]. Classified Reproductive system/toxin/female, Reproductive system/toxin/male [POSSIBLE]. Causes damage to the following organs: blood, the reproductive system, liver, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS).
Other Toxic Effects on Humans	Hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of inhalation. Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (permeator), of ingestion.
Special Remarks on Toxicity to Animals	Lowest Published Dose/Conc: LDL[Human] - Route: Oral; Dose: 1400 mg/kg LDL[Human child] - Route: Oral; Dose: 2000 mg/kg LDL[Rabbit] - Route: Skin; Dose: 20000 mg/kg
Special Remarks on	

Chronic Effects on Humans

Ethyl alcohol 200 Proof

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May affect genetic material (mutagenic)

Causes adverse reproductive effects and birth defects (teratogenic), based on moderate to heavy

consumption.

May cause cancer based on animal data.

Human: passes through the placenta, excreted in maternal milk.

Special Remarks on other **Toxic Effects on Humans**

Acute potential health effects: Skin: causes skin irritation

Eyes: causes eye irritation Ingestion: May cause gastrointestinal tract irritation with nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, and alterations in gastric secretions. May affect behavior/central nervous system (central nervous system depression - amnesia, headache, muscular incoordination, excitation, mild euphoria, slurred speech, drowsiness, staggaring gait, fatique, changes in mood/personality, excessive talking, dizziness, ataxia, somnolence, coma/narcosis, hallucinations, distorted perceptions, general anesthetic), peripherial nervous system (spastic paralysis)vision (diplopia). Moderately toxic and narcotic in high concentrations. May also affect metabolism, blood, liver,

respiration (dyspnea), and endocrine system.

May affect respiratory tract, cardiovascular(cardiac arrhythmias, hypotension), and urinary systems.

Inhalation: May cause irritation of the respiratory tract and affect behavior/central nervous system with symptoms similar to ingestion.

Chronic Potential Health Effects:

Skin: Prolonged or repeated skin contact may casue dermatitis, an allergic reaction.

Ingestion: Prolonged or repeated ingestion will have similiar effects as acute ingestion. It may also affect the brain.

Section 12. Ecological Information		
Ecotoxicity	Ecotoxicity in water (LC50): 14000 mg/l 96 hours [Rainbow trout]. 11200 mg/l 24 hours [fingerling trout].	
BOD5 and COD	Not available.	
Products of Biodegradation	Possibly hazardous short term degradation products are not likely. However, long term degradation products may arise.	
Toxicity of the Products of Biodegradation	The product itself and its products of degradation are not toxic.	
Special Remarks on the Products of Biodegradation	Not available.	

Section 13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal

Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state and local environmental control regulations.

Section 14. Transport Information		
DOT Classification	CLASS 3: Flammable liquid.	
Identification	: Ethanol UNNA: 1170 PG: II	
Special Provisions for Transport	Not available.	
DOT (Pictograms)		

Section 15. Other Regulatory Information and Pictograms

Regulations

California prop. 65: This product contains the following ingredients for which the State of California has found to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm, which would require a warning under the statute: Ethyl alcohol 200 Proof (in alcoholic beverages)

California prop. 65: This product contains the following ingredients for which the State of California has found to cause birth defects which would require a warning under the statute: Ethyl alcohol 200 Proof (in alcoholic beverages)

Connecticut hazardous material survey.: Ethyl alcohol 200 Proof

Illinois toxic substances disclosure to employee act: Ethyl alcohol 200 Proof

Rhode Island RTK hazardous substances: Ethyl alcohol 200 Proof

Pennsylvania RTK: Ethyl alcohol 200 Proof

Florida: Ethyl alcohol 200 Proof Minnesota: Ethyl alcohol 200 Proof

Massachusetts RTK: Ethyl alcohol 200 Proof Massachusetts spill list: Ethyl alcohol 200 Proof

New Jersey: Ethyl alcohol 200 Proof Tennessee: Ethyl alcohol 200 Proof

California - Directors List of Hazardous Substances (8 CCR 339): Ethyl alcohol 200 Proof

TSCA 8(b) inventory: Ethyl alcohol 200 Proof

Camornia Proposition 65 **Varnings**

California prop. 65: This product contains the following ingredients for which the State of California has found to cause cancer which would require a warning under the statute: No products were found.

California prop. 65: This product contains the following ingredients for which the State of California has found to cause birth defects which would require a warning under the statute: Ethyl alcohol 200 Proof (in alcoholic beverages)

Other Regulations

OSHA: Hazardous by definition of Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

EINECS: This product is on the European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.

Other Classifications

WHMIS (Canada) CLASS B-2; Flammable liquid with a flash point lower than 37.8°C (100°F). CLASS D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (VERY TOXIC).

DSCL (EEC) R11- Highly flammable. S7- Keep container tightly closed.

S16- Keep away from sources of ignition - No

smokina.

HMIS (U.S.A.)

Personal Protection	(\mathbf{E})
Reactivity	(0)
Fire Hazard	(3)
Health Hazard	2

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Health



WHMIS (Canada) (Pictograms)





DSCL (Europe) (Pictograms)



TDG (Canada) (Pictograms)



ADR (Europe) (Pictograms)



Ethyl	alcohol	200	Proof
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Protective Equipment



Gloves.



Lab coat.



Vapor respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.



Splash goggles.

MSDS Code	E3280		
References	-SAX, N.I. Dangerous Properties of Indutrial Materials. Toronto, Van Nostrand Reinold, 6e ed. 1984. -Material safety data sheet emitted by: la Commission de la Santé et de la Sécurité du Travail du Québec. -Hawley, G.G The Condensed Chemical Dictionary, 11e ed., New York N.Y., Van Nostrand Reinold, 1987. -The Sigma-Aldrich Library of Chemical Safety Data, Edition II. HSDB, RTECS, and LOLI databases.		
Other Special Considerations	Not available.		
Validated by Sonia Owen on 8/13/2004.		Verified by Sonia Owen. Printed 10/14/2004.	

Notice to Reader

All chemicals may pose unknown hazards and should be used with caution. This Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) applies only to the material as packaged. If this product is combined with other materials, deteriorates, or becomes contaminated, it may pose hazards not mentioned in this MSDS. It shall be the user's responsibility to develop proper methods of handling and personal protection based on the actual conditions of use. While this MSDS is based on technical data judged to be reliable, Spectrum Quality Products, Inc. assumes no responsibility for the completeness or accuracy of the information contained herein.

